

TEACHING PLANNING OF ODD SEMESTERS IN DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
1	PLSA	CC1 Understanding Political Theory: Concepts	<u>Module 1</u> 1. Conceptualizing politics- meaning of political 2. Key concepts I: State, Nation, Sovereignty(Evolutions), Power and Authority Types and Linkages	P.D
			3. Key concepts II: Law, Liberty, Equality: Interrelationship	P.D
			<u>Module- 2</u> 4. Key concepts III.Rights, Justice (with special reference to Rawls), Freedom	P.D
			5. Key concepts IV: Democracy (with special reference to David Held), Authoritarianism	P.D
			6. Key concepts: Citizenship	P.D

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
1	PLSA	CC2: Understanding Political Theory: Approaches & Debates	<p><b>Module I</b></p> <p>1. Approaches I: Normative, Legal- Institutionalism, Empirical, Behavioral...System Analysis, Structural Functionalism.</p> <p>2. Approaches II: Liberalism, Social Welfarism, Neo-Liberalism.</p> <p>3. Approaches III: Post Colonial , Feminist.</p> <p><b>Module II</b></p> <p>4. Marxian Approach...Dialectical Materialism &amp; Historical Materialism</p> <p>5. Key Ideas: State(focus on Relative Autonomy), Class and Class struggle, Surplus Value, Alienation</p> <p>6. Party....Democratic Centralism, Lenin- Rosa LuxemburgDebate, Revolution.. Lenin and Mao, Hegemony and Civil Society: Gramsci.</p>	<p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p>

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
1	PLSG	CC1: Introduction to Political Theory	<p><b><u>Module I</u></b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Political Science: Nature and scope, Different approaches....Normative, Behavioural, Post-Behavioural, Marxist, Feminist.</li> <li>2. State: Contract Theory, Idealist Theory, Liberal Theory, Marxist Theory, Gandhian Theory, Sovereignty of the state: Monistic &amp; Pluralistic Theories, Doctrine of Popular Sovereignty</li> <li>3. Foundational Concept: Law, Right, Liberty, Equality...meanings, sources, interrelationships</li> <li>4. Key concepts: Nationalism &amp; Internationalism...meanings and features, Democracy...meaning and nature.</li> </ol> <p><b><u>Module II</u></b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. Marxism: Dialectical and Historical Materialism, Class and Class Struggle, Theory of Revolution, Lenin's Theory of Imperialism</li> <li>6. Fascism: meaning, features, significance</li> </ol>	<p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>P.D</p> <p>P.D</p>

			7. Political Parties and Interest Groups: Functions and role, Methods of representation: Territorial, Functional, Proportional.	P.D
SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
3	PLSA	CC5: Indian Political Thought I	<p><b>Module I</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ancient Indian Political Ideas: overview</li> <li>2. Kautilya: Saptanga, Dandaniti, Diplomacy</li> <li>3. Medieval Political Thought: overview (with reference to Abul Fazl and Ziauddin Barani, Legitimacy of kingship,</li> <li>4. Principles of Syncretism</li> </ol> <p><b><u>Module-II</u></b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. Modern Indian Thought: Rammohan Roy as Pioneer of Indian Liberalism- His views on rule of Law, freedom of thought and social justice</li> <li>6. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay Vivekananda, Rabindranath Tagore: Views of Nationalism</li> <li>7. M.K Gandhi's views on state, Swaraj and Satyagraha.</li> </ol>	<p>P.D</p> <p>P.D</p> <p>P.D</p> <p>P.D</p> <p>P.D</p>


SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
3	PLSA	CC6: Comparative Government & Politics	<p><u>Module-1</u></p> <p>1 .Evolution of Comparative Polities.Scope,Purposes, and Method of ComparisonDistinction between Comparative government &amp; Polities</p> <p>2. Major Approaches: Institutional Approaches(Dominance School: System Approach and Structural Functional Approach)...Limitations, New Institutionalism, Political Economy-Origin and key features</p> <p>3. Development &amp; Democratization: S.P Huntington</p> <p>4. Classification of Political System. Nature of liberal &amp; Socialist political system, distinguishing features...conventions, rule of law(UK), Separation of powers, checks and balancesJudicialReview(USA),democratic centralism(PRC), Referendum,initiative(Switzerland)</p> <p>5. Political Parties: Typology,features and roles (UK, USA, PRC and Bangladesh) Interest groups: role (UK and USA)</p> <p><u>Module-2</u></p> <p>6. Unitary System: UK, Bangladesh Federal System: USA, Russia</p> <p>7. Legislature in UK, USA and PRC: Composition and functions of legislative chambers, committee system in UK &amp; USA</p> <p>8. Executive in UK, USA, France, Russia: A Comparative Study of (I)Russia, French and America Presidency (II) British and French</p>	<p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p>

			<p>Cabinet system</p> <p>9. Judiciary in UK, USA and PRC (with focus on Procuratorate) comparative study</p> <p>8. Rights of the citizens: UK,USA and PRC: A comparative study</p>	<p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p>
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SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
3	PLSG	CC3: Government and Politics in India	<p><b>Module-1</b></p> <p>1. Evolution of the Constitution (brief).The Preamble, Fundamental Rights. DPSP</p> <p>2. Union- State Relations- Nature of federalism</p> <p>3. Union Executive: President, Vice- President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers.</p> <p>4. Union Legislature: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha- Organization, Functions, Laws making procedure, Privileges, Committee System, Speaker</p> <p>5. The Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Court- Compositions and functions, Judicial Activism in India</p> <p>6. Constitutional Amendment Procedure</p> <p><b>Module-2</b></p> <p>7. Government in states: Governor, Council of Minister and the Chief Minister, State Legislature: Composition and Functions.</p> <p>8. Local Government: Rural and Urban. Significance of 73<sup>rd</sup> and</p>	<p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p> <p>P.D</p>

			<p>74<sup>th</sup> Amendment</p> <p>9. Election Commission and Election Reforms</p> <p>10. Party System in India: National Political Parties..Ideologies and programmes. Recent trends in India: Rise of Regional Political Parties, Coalition Politics</p> <p>11. Regionalism: nature, roots, types</p> <p>12. Varities of social and political movements(a) Caste,tribe (b) religion (c) environment (d) women's movements</p>	<p><b>P.D</b></p> <p><b>P.D</b></p> <p><b>P.D</b></p> <p><b>P.D</b></p>
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SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
3	PLSG	SEC A1: Legal Literacy	<p><b><u>Module I</u></b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Legal issues of criminal jurisdiction: history, definition and concept, major processes- Detention, arrest, bail, search and seizure</li> <li>2. Indian Penal Code: History, definition. Major Aspects- Protection of Primary and Secondary Personal Rights, criminal Conspiracy, offences against the state, offences related to marriage</li> <li>3. Personal laws: Laws related to marriage( examples from Hindu, Islam and Christian Laws)</li> </ol> <p><b><u>Module II</u></b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Consumer Rights Laws: Definition of consumer rights, process of filing a complaint: Right to Information Act: provisions, importance</li> <li>5. Anti-Terror Laws: meaning, terrorist and disruptive activities( prevention) (TADA Act 1987, 2002 &amp; Prevention of Terrorism(POTA Act 2002)</li> </ol>	<p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p>

			6. Human Rights Laws: meaning, Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) Human Rights Act of 1993, Issues of Rights of Children and Women	<b>S.S</b>
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Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
5	PLSA	CC-11 Western Political Through and Theory (ii)	<u>Module-1</u> Bentham:Utilitarianism, John Stuart Mill: views on Liberty and representative government.	P.D
			2. Hegal: Civil Society & State.	P.D
			3. T.H Green: Freedom & Obligation	P.D
			<u>Module-2</u> 4. Utopian and Scientific Socialism: Basis characteristics.	P.D
			5. Varieties of non- Marxist Socialism: Fabianism, Syndicalism, Guild Socialism.	P.D
			6. Anarchism: Overview	P.D
			7. Culture Marxism: Frankfurt School (Overview). Post – Marxism: Emergency and basis contentions.	P.D

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
5	PLSA	CC-12 Political Sociology	<u>Module-1</u> 1. Social bases of polities, Emergency of Political Sociology.	S.S
			2. Political culture & Political socialization: Nature, types & agencies.	S.S
			3. Political Participation: Concepts & Types.	S.S
			4. Political development & social change	S.S
			5. Political Communication: Concepts and structures.	S.S
			<u>Module-2</u> 6. Social stratification and politics: caste, tribe, class, elite.	S.S
			7. Gender and Politics: basis issues.	S.S
			8. Religion and Politics: varying perspectives.	
			9. Military and Politics: conditions & modes of intervention.	
			10. Electorate and electoral behavior.	



Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
5	PLSA	<b>DSE-5A (1) Gender and Politics</b>	<u>Module-1</u> (i). Groundings 1. Patriarchy- a). Sex Gender Debates (b) Public & Private (c) Power	S.S
			2. Feminism	S.S
			3. Family, Community, State. (a) Family (b) Community (c ) State	S.S
			<u>Module-2</u> ii) Movements and Issues. 1. History of the Women's Movement in India.	S.S
			2. Violence against Women	S.S
			3. Work and labour- (a) Visible (b) Reproductive & care work (c) Sex work	S.S

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
5	PLSA	DSE-5B (1) Indian Foreign in a Globalising World	<u>Module-1</u> 1 .Indian’s Foreign Policy: From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power.	D.B
			2. Indian’s Relations with the USA & USSR/Russia	D.B
			3. Indian’s Engagements with China	D.B
			<u>Module-2</u> 4. India in South Asia: Debating Regional Strategies	D.B
			5. Indian’s Negotiating style & Strategies: Trade, Environment & Security Regimes	D.B
			6. India in the Contemporary Multipolar World.	D.B

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
5	PLSG	DSE-A-5-1A Public Administration	<u>Module-1</u> 1 .Nature& Scope of Public Administration.	D.B
			2. Key Concepts: Hierarchy: Unity of Command; spam of control; Authority; Centralization and Decentralization; Line &Staff ; Communication and Control; Delegation; Decision-making, Coordinating and Leadership.	D.B
			3. Maior Approaches; New Public Administration; comparative Public Administration; Development Administration; New Public Management	D.B

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
5	DSE	DSE-A-5-1A Public Administration For General	<u>Module-2</u> 4. Bureaucracy :Views of Weber and Mask.	D.B
			5. Public Policy: Formulation and Implementation	D.B
			6. Major Programmes (basis features and objectives) : MGNREGA; Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan; National Rural Health Mission.	D.B

**TEACHING PLANNING OF EVEN SEMESTER IN THE DEPARTMENT OF  
POLITICAL SCIENCE**

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE& PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
2	Core Course	CC3- Constitutional Government in India	<u>Module I</u>	P.D
			1. Evolution of the Indian Constitution, Constituent Assembly – Preamble	
			2. Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles , Union-State Relations, President. Vice- President	P.D
			3. Prime Minister , Council of Minister, Relation between Prime Minister & President	P.D
			<u>Module II</u>	P.D
4. Union Legislature, Law Making Procedure, Parliamentary procedure, Privileges , Committee System , Speaker				
5. Governor, C.M , Council oof Ministers, State Legislature, Supreme Court, High Court , Judicial Activism .	P.D			
6. Constitutional Amendments				

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE& PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
2	Core Course	CC4- Politics in India: Structures & Processes	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module I</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Party System , Major National Political Parties , ideologies &amp; programmes</li> <li>2. Coalition Politics in India , Political Parties in West Bengal , Election Commission, Electoral Reforms.</li> <li>3. Role of Business Group, Working class, Peasant Movements</li> </ol> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module II</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Role of Religion, language , Caste , Tribe, Regionalism in Indian Politics.</li> <li>5. New Social Movements (1970s), Environmental Movements, Women's Movements , Human Rights Movements.</li> <li>6. New Social Movements (1970s), Environmem</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: right;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: right;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: right;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: right;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: right;">D.B</p>

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
2	PLSG	CC2 – Comparative Government & Politics	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module I</u></p> <p>1. Political System : Liberal – Democratic, Authoritarian , Socialist – Forms of Political System – Unitary and Federal , Parliamentary and Presidential</p> <p>2. UK: (a) Basic Features with major focus on convention and rule of law <u>(b)</u> Legislature: Composition and functions with major focus on the concept of Parliamentary Sovereignty. <u>(c)</u> Executive: Composition and functions of the cabinet with major focus on the role of Prime Minister- the concept of Cabinet Dictatorship <u>(d)</u> Role of Crown <u>(e)</u> Party System- Role of Opposition</p> <p>3. USA: (a) Basic features <u>(b)</u> US Federalism <u>(c)</u> Bill of Rights <u>(d)</u> Legislature: Composition and functions with major focus on the Presiding Officers and Committee System <u>(e)</u> The Executive : The President: Election, Powers &amp; Functions <u>(f)</u> Supreme Court <u>(g)</u> Party System</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module II</u></p> <p>4. PRC(1982 Constitution) : (a) Significance of the Revolution (b) Basic features with special reference to general principles (c) Communist Party: Structures, Function , Role (d) Rights &amp; Duties of Citizens</p> <p>5. (e) The National Government: i) the Executive, President , Premier, State ii) The Legislature: National People’s Congress , Standing Committee. iii) The Judiciary</p> <p>6. Salient features of the Constitutions of Bangladesh, France, Switzerland</p>	<p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p> <p>S.S</p>

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	Core Course	CC8 Indian Political Through (II)	<u>Module-1</u> 1 .M.N Roy: Radical Humanism	P.D
			2. Narendra Deva: Socialist ideas	P.D
			3. Ram Manohar Lohia: Socialist ideas,	P.D
			4.Jayprakash Narayan: Socialist ideas	P.D
			5. Syed Ahmed Khan and Iqbal: views on colonialism and nationalism	P.D
			<u>Module-2</u> 6.Nehru: views on socialism & Democracy	P.D
			7. Subhas Chandra Bose: Views on socialism & Fascism	P.D



Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	Core Course	CC8 Indian Political Through (II)	3. Contested nations of 'Nation' Savarkar, Jinnah.	P.D
			4. Caste System & untouchability- Jyotiba Phule & Ambedkar.	P.D
			5. Pandit Ramabai's views on social justice.	P.D

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	PLSA	CC9 Global Polities since 1945	<u>Module-1</u> 1 .Cold war and its evolution: outline Emergency of Third world: NAM; Pan Africanism. Post cold war world: Overview	S.S
			2. Globalization: conceptions & perspective	S.S
			3. Europe in transition: European Union, Brexist(overview)	S.S
			4. Major institutions of global governance: World Bank, IMF, WTO- Overview: Major regional organizations: ASEAN, OPEN, SAFTA, SAARF and BRICS. West Asia and the Palestine questions.	S.S
			<u>Module-2</u> 5. India and her neighbors (i) Pakistan; Bangladesh	S.S

## Department of Political Science

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	PLSA	CC9 Global Politics since 1945	6. India and her neighbors (II) : Nepal ; Bhutan ; Sri Lanka	S.S
			7. UNO: Background; Major organs- General Assembly, Security Council and Secretariat. Role of UNO in peace-keeping, human rights and development. (Millennium Development Goals & Sustainable Development Goals)	S.S

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	PLSA	CC10 Western Political Thought and Theory (I)	<u>Module-1</u> 1 .Greek political thought: main features- Plato: Justice, communism- Aristotle: state classification of constitutions.	D.B
			2. Roman political through: theories of Law and Citizenship- contributions of Roman thought	D.B
			3. Medieval political thought in Europe: major features	D.B
			4. Contribution of Machiavelli. Significance of Renaissance. Political thought of Reformation	D.B
			<u>Moudle-2</u> 5. Bodin: idea of sovereignty	D.B
			6. Hobbes: founder of science of materialist politics	D.B

			<p>7. Locke: founder of Liberalism, views on natural rights, property and consent</p> <p>8. Rousseau: views on Freedom and Democracy</p>	<p>D.B</p> <p>D.B</p>
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Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	PLSA	SEC -4-B (1) Legislative Practices and Procedures	<u>Module-1</u> 1 .Member of Parliament: Powers and Privileges- Constituency work.	S.S
			2. State Legislative Assemblies: Powers & functions.	S.S
			3. Functionaries of rural and urban local self-government from Zila Parshad. Municipal Corporation to Panchayat / Ward.	S.S
			<u>Module-2</u> 4. How a bill becomes a Law, role of standing committees, the framing of rules and regulation.	S.S
			5. Types of Committees	S.S

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	PLSA	SEC -4-B (1) Legislative Practices and Procedures	6. Role of committee in reviewing government finances, policy, programmes and Legislation.	S.S
			7. Powers and functions of people's representative of different tiers of governance	S.S

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	PLSG	CC4 International Relations for General	<u>Module-1</u> 1 .International Relations as a field study. Approaches: a) Classical Realism (Hans Morgenthau). b) Neo- Liberalism: complex Interdependence (Robert Keohane & Joseph Nye) c) Structural Approaches: World system Approach (Immanuel Wallerstein) and Dependency School (Andre Gunder Frank) d) Feminist Perspective (J. Ann Tickner)	D.B
			2. Cold War: a) Second World war & Origins of cold war:	D.B



Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	PLSG	CC4 International Relations for General	2. (b) Phase of cold war : First Cold war; rise & fall of Detente Second cold war.	D.B
			<u>Module-2</u> 3. End of cold War and Collapse of the Soviet Union (a) missing (b) Post cold- war Era and Emerging Centers of power (European Union, China, Russia and Japan)	P.D
			4. Indians Foreign Policy. (a) Basis Determinates (Historical, Geo-Political, Economic, Domestic &strategic) (b) India's Policy of non- Alignment (c) India as emerging Power.	P.D

Semester	Programme	Course & Paper	Topic	Teacher
4	PLSG	SEC- 4B (1) Elementary Dimensions of Research	<u>Module-1</u> 1. Concepts, Variables (Dependent & independent) propositions & hypothesis.	
			2. Research design : Definition, purpose of research, units of analysis, fallacies	
			3. Ethics in research- issues & problems	
			4. Research Report writing	
			<u>Module-2</u> 5. Sources and Techniques of data collective, quantitative & qualitative data	
			6. Sampling: Definition, probability and- probability. Scales & Measurement	

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE& PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
6	Core Course	CC13- Public Administration – Concepts & Perspectives	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module I</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Nature, Scope and Evolution of Public Administration-Public and Private administration</li> <li>2. Principles of Socialist Management</li> <li>3. New public Administration, Comparative Public Administration, Development Administration (Indian context)</li> <li>4. Major Concepts-(a) Hierarchy (b) Unity of command (c) Span of control (d) Authority (e) Centralization , Decentralization and Delegation (f) Line and Staff</li> <li>5. Public Administration in the era of Globalization , Liberalization , Privatization , Governance: Conceptual Emergence- Distinction with Government , E- Governance : Features and significance</li> </ol> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module II</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Bureaucracy: Views of Marx and Weber</li> <li>2. Ecological approach to public Administration : Riggsian Model</li> <li>3. Administrative processes: (a) Decision Making (b) Communication and Control</li> <li>4. Public policy : Definition , Characteristics, Models , Policy Implementation.</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: center;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: center;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: center;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: center;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: center;">P.D</p> <p style="text-align: center;">P.D</p>

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
6	Core Course	CC14- Administration and Public Policy in India	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module I</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Continuity and Change in Indian Administration : Brief Historical Overview</li> <li>2. Civil Service in India ( Bureaucracy): Recruitment ( Role of UPSC, SPSC), Training .</li> <li>3. Organization of Union Government : Secretariat Administration : PMO, Cabinet Secretariat.</li> <li>4. Organization of State Government : Chief Secretariat – Relations between Secretariat and Directorate.</li> <li>5. District Administration : Role of District Magistrate, SDO, BDO.</li> </ol> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module II</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Local Self Government : Corporations, Municipalities &amp; Panchayats in West Bengal.</li> <li>2. <u>73<sup>rd</sup></u> &amp; <u>74<sup>th</sup></u> Amendment : Overview</li> <li>3. Planning Commission, National Development Council . District Planning. Changing Nature of Planning: NITI Ayog. Budget: concept &amp; significance</li> <li>4. Public Accounts Committee, Estimates Committee – role of CAG</li> <li>5. Functions of Lok Pal &amp; Lok Ayukt, Right to Information, Citizen’s Charter</li> <li>6. Citizen &amp; Social Welfare Policies : MGNREGA , Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA). National Health Mission(NRHM).</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: center;">P.D</p> <p style="text-align: center;">P.D</p> <p style="text-align: center;">P.D</p> <p style="text-align: center;">B.D</p> <p style="text-align: center;">B.D</p> <p style="text-align: center;">B.D</p> <p style="text-align: center;">B.D</p>

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
6	DSEA (3)	Public Policy in India	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module I</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Introduction to Policy Analysis</li> <li>2. The Analysis of Policy vis- a- vis The Theories of State</li> </ol> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module II</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Political Economy &amp; Policy : Interest Groups and Social Movements</li> <li>2. Ideology and Policy : Nehruvian Vision, Economic Liberalization and recent developments.</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: center;">S.S</p> <p style="text-align: center;">S.S</p>

SEMESTER	PROGRAMME	COURSE & PAPER	TOPIC	TEACHER
6	DSEB(3)	Citizenship in a Globalizing World	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module I</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Classical Conceptions of citizenship</li> <li>2. Evolution of Citizenship and the Modern State</li> </ol> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Module II</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Citizenship and Diversity</li> <li>2. Citizenship beyond the Nation State: Globalization and Global Justice</li> <li>3. The idea of Cosmopolitan Citizenship</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: center;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: center;">D.B</p> <p style="text-align: center;">D.B</p>



